

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f = V(x) \quad f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow [0, \infty)$$

$$X = \{(x, t) \mid 0 < t < \phi(x)\}$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f = 54\pi \quad \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} h$$

$f = V_*(x)$

slc $\gamma \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$ $A_i \uparrow R^h$ w/o

$$X \cap (A; x \mathbb{R}) \uparrow x$$

~~X~~ $\mu \in \mathbb{R}^n$ $R^{n \times n}$ $\sim$ matrix $\sim$ matrix

$$\int_{\ast A_i} f = V_{\ast} (X \cap (A_i \times \mathbb{R})) \uparrow V_{\ast}(X) = \int_{\ast A_i} f$$

$$\int_{*A_i} f \rightarrow \int_{*R^n} f \quad | \text{ord}$$

$$A_i = [e, i]^n \quad \text{JWS}$$

לפי R^n יש כמה מיליון "אי" A_i ממש

$$X_n(A; x(a, i)) \approx x$$

X ۱ وندو سول

$$\int_{\bigstar A_i} f_i = \chi_{\bigstar} (\chi \cap (A_i \times \{g_i\})) \upharpoonright \chi_{\bigstar}(X) = \int_{\bigstar P_n} f$$

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1582a

26/10/21 $N=21$ $N=20$ $N=19$ $N=18$ $N=17$ $N=16$ $N=15$ $N=14$ $N=13$ $N=12$ $N=11$ $N=10$ $N=9$ $N=8$ $N=7$ $N=6$ $N=5$ $N=4$ $N=3$ $N=2$ $N=1$

207 - מ"מ ≥ 0 $f_{\beta} \sim f_{\beta \wedge \omega}$ -1 $\text{fil } f$ ≤ 0

$\int_{*} f; \uparrow \int_{*} f$

$X(f)$ מרחב פונקציות
 מרחב פונקציות

המשפט הראשון: $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ היא פונקציה רציפה וחסומה על קטע סגור $[a, b]$.

$$X := (\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Q}) \cup \left\{ \frac{p}{q} : \begin{matrix} q \in \mathbb{N} \\ 1 \leq q \leq p \end{matrix} \right\}$$

המשפט השני:

$$\forall i: V_i(x_i) = 0 \quad x_i \uparrow \mathbb{R} \quad \mathbb{R} \setminus x_i$$

$$\forall i: \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_i = 0 \quad f_i \uparrow 1 = f \quad f_i = \mathbb{1}_{x_i} \quad 0 = \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_i \uparrow \int_{\mathbb{R}} f = 1$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{m+n}} f(x, y) dx dy = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} dx \int_{\mathbb{R}^m} f(x, y) dy = \int_{\mathbb{R}^m} dy \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x, y) dx$$

$$V_*(G) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} V_*(G_x) dx \quad G_x = \{y \mid (x, y) \in G\}$$

המשפט השלישי: $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ היא פונקציה רציפה וחסומה על קטע סגור $[a, b]$. המשפט הרביעי: $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ היא פונקציה רציפה וחסומה על קטע סגור $[a, b]$.

$$V^*(K) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} V^*(K_x) dx \quad K \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{n+m}$$

$$B_2 \subseteq \mathbb{R}^m \quad B_1 \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \quad B = B_1 \times B_2 \quad K \subseteq B^0$$

$$V_*(B^0 \setminus K) = \int_{B_1} V_*(B_2 \setminus K_x) dx \quad K \subseteq B^0$$

$$V_*(x) \cup V^*(E \setminus x) = V(E) \quad x \in E \quad x \subseteq E$$

$$V(B) - V(K) = V_*(B^0 \setminus K) = \int_{B_1} V_*(B_2 \setminus K_x) dx = \int_{B_1} V(B_2) - V^*(K_x) dx$$

$$V(B) - V^*(k) = \int_{B_1} (V(B_2) - V^*(k_x)) dx = \int_{B_1} V(B_2) dx - \int_{B_1} V^*(k_x) dx =$$

$$= V(B) - \int V^*(k_x) dx$$

$$V^*(k) = \int V^*(k_x) dx$$

$$\int_* f + \int^* g = \int (f+g)$$

$$f = V(B_2) - V^*(k_x)$$

$$g = V^*(k_x)$$

$$f+g = V(B_2)$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$X = \{(x, t) \mid t < f(x)\}$$

$$X^0 = \{(x, t) \mid t < f_*(x)\}$$

$$f_*(x_0) := \liminf_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) =$$

$$= \sup_{\epsilon > 0} \inf_{|x-x_0| \leq \epsilon} f(x)$$

$$Y = \{(x, t) \mid t > f(x)\}$$

$$Y^0 = \{(x, t) \mid t > f^*(x)\}$$

$$f_* = \begin{cases} 0 & x=0 \\ f(x_0) & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad f^* = f$$

$$f = \mathbb{1}_{[0, \infty)}$$

$$\Gamma_f = \{(x, t) \mid f_*(x) \leq t \leq f^*(x)\}$$

$$\Gamma_f = \{0\} \times [0, 1]$$

$$\mathbb{R}^{n+1} = X^0 \cup \Gamma_f \cup Y^0$$

$$\Gamma_f = \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \setminus (X^0 \cup Y^0)$$

$$f_*: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow [-\infty, \infty] \quad f^*: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow [-\infty, +\infty]$$

$$\text{osc}_f(x) = f^*(x) - f_*(x)$$

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$[0, \infty]$

for one point of $\infty - \infty$ is not possible

$$\text{osc}_f(x) = \inf_{\substack{\varepsilon > 0 \\ x_1, x_2 \\ |x_1 - x_2| \leq \varepsilon \\ |x_2 - x| \leq \varepsilon}} |f(x_1) - f(x_2)|$$

$$x_0 \text{ is a local extremum of } f \iff \text{osc}_f(x_0) = 0$$

Example $\mathbb{R}^n \supset B$ $f: B \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ continuous function on a compact set B is uniformly continuous

f is continuous on B

$$\text{osc}_f = 0$$

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \quad \{x \in B : \text{osc}_f(x) \geq \varepsilon\} = \emptyset$$

f is continuous on B

$$\text{osc}_f = \int_B f^* - \int_B f_*$$

$$V_*(G_1 \cup G_2) = V_*(G_1) + V_*(G_2)$$

for two disjoint sets $G_1, G_2 \subset \mathbb{R}^n$

if G_1 and G_2 are disjoint, then $V_*(G_1 \cup G_2) = V_*(G_1) + V_*(G_2)$

if G_1 and G_2 are not disjoint, then $V_*(G_1 \cup G_2) < V_*(G_1) + V_*(G_2)$

if G_1 and G_2 are not disjoint, then $V_*(G_1 \cup G_2) < V_*(G_1) + V_*(G_2)$

$$\sup_B |f| < M$$

$$X = \{(x, t) \mid x \in B, f_*(x) < t < f^*(x)\}$$

$$\Gamma_f(B^0 \times \mathbb{R}) = \Gamma = \{(x, t) \mid x \in B^0, f_*(x) \leq t \leq f^*(x)\}$$

$$Y^0 = \{(x, t) \mid x \in B^0, f^*(x) < t < M\}$$

$$B^0 \times (-M, M) \supset X^0 \cup \Gamma \cup Y^0$$

Let X^0, Y^0 and $B^0 \times (-m, m)$ be open

$$x(B \setminus B^0) \supset (\Gamma' \Delta \Gamma) \quad \text{and} \quad \Gamma' = \Gamma_f \cap (B \times \mathbb{R})$$

Let $B \setminus B^0$ be open

$$2M \cdot V(B) = V_*(X^0) + V^*(\Gamma) + V_*(Y^0) =$$

$$V(E) = V_*(X) + V^*(E \setminus X)$$

(Let V_* be the outer measure and V^* be the inner measure)

$$\textcircled{3} \quad V^*(\Gamma) = \int_B \text{osc } f$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad V_*(Y) = mV(B) - \int_B f$$

$$(V_*(X) = V_*(X^0)) \quad \text{and} \quad (V^*(\Gamma) = \int_B \text{osc } f)$$

$$V^*(\Gamma) = V^*(\Gamma_f \cap (B \times \mathbb{R})) = \int_B V^*([f_*(x), f^*(x)]) = \int_B \text{osc } f(x) dx \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\int_B (f+m) = \int_B f + \int_B m = \int_B f + mV(B) \quad \textcircled{7}$$

Let f be a function on B and m be a real number.

$$\int_B (f+m) = V_*\left(\left\{ (x, t) \mid x \in B, 0 < t < f(x) + m \right\}\right) =$$

$$= V_*\left(\left\{ (x, t) \mid x \in B, -m < t - m < f(x) \right\}\right) =$$

$$= V_*\left(\left\{ (x, s) \mid x \in B, -m < s < f(x) \right\}\right) = V_*(X^0)$$

Let X and Y be two sets and $X \supset Y$.

∴ TFAE B is measurable $\iff \int_B f = 0$ for every f with $f \geq 0$ and $\int_B f = 0$ (if $f \geq 0$ and $\int_B f = 0$ then $f = 0$ a.e.)

$$0 = V_*\left(\left\{ x : f(x) \geq \epsilon \right\}\right) \implies \int_B f = 0 \quad (\text{if } f \geq 0 \text{ and } \int_B f = 0 \text{ then } f = 0 \text{ a.e.})$$

$$A_\varepsilon = \{x \mid |f(x)| \geq \varepsilon\} = \emptyset$$

$$\varepsilon \cdot \mathbb{1}_{A_\varepsilon} \leq |f|$$

$$\epsilon_{V^A} \left(\frac{A}{\epsilon} \right) = \int \epsilon \mathbb{1}_{A_\epsilon} \leq \int |f| = 0$$

$$\int_B |f| = \int_{B \setminus A_\epsilon} |f| \leq \epsilon \nu(B)$$

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$$\forall \epsilon > 0 \quad \int_B |f| \leq \epsilon \quad \text{v(B)} \quad \text{1.5}$$

$$\int_B |f| = 0 \quad \text{1.58}$$

[illegible]

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$\forall i \ f_i$

$\downarrow$

$f, g \geq 0 : g d n$

$(f+g)_i = \sum_{f,g \geq 0} (f_i + g_i)_i$

[illegible]

$$f, g: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad \text{Gdew} \quad \text{Gd22}$$

$V_B V_i$
 $\frac{1}{B} \frac{1}{f_i} \approx 0$
 $B \approx \frac{1}{f_i} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{B} \frac{1}{f_i} \approx 0$
 $f_i = \text{mid}(-i, f, i)$

$f_i^* \uparrow f^*$ $(f_i^*) \downarrow f^*$ by nva. $i \rightarrow \infty$ $\text{osc } f_i \uparrow \text{osc } f$ dim

$\limsup (f+g)^* \leq f^* + g^*$

$$X = \{x \in B \mid 0 \leq f+g(x) \leq 2\varepsilon\}$$

$$X_i = \{x \in B \mid 0 \leq f_i(x) \leq \frac{\varepsilon}{2}\}$$

$$Z_i = \{x \in B \mid 0 \leq g_i(x) \leq \frac{\varepsilon}{2}\}$$

$0 \leq f+g \leq 0 \leq f+g + 0 \leq f+g$
 $0 \leq f_i \leq 0 \leq f_i + 0 \leq f_i$
 $0 \leq g_i \leq 0 \leq g_i + 0 \leq g_i$
 $\frac{\varepsilon}{2} \leq f_i + g_i \leq \frac{\varepsilon}{2} + \frac{\varepsilon}{2} = \varepsilon$
 $X \subseteq \bigcup_i (X_i \cup Z_i)$

$$v_*(F_i) \uparrow v_*(F)$$

$$E \subseteq F \quad F_i \uparrow F \quad E_i \uparrow E$$

$$E_i, F_i$$

$$v(E_i) = v_*(E_i \uparrow E) + v^*(E)$$

$$\lim_i v(E_i) \leq \lim_i v(F_i)$$

$$\lim (v(E_i) - v(F_i)) \leq \lim v(E_i \setminus F_i) = 0$$

$$F \subseteq F \quad F_i \uparrow F$$

$$v^*(K) \leq \lim_i v(F_i)$$

$$\{0 \leq f+g \leq 2\varepsilon\}$$

$$v^*(K) \leq \lim_i v(F_i)$$

$$v^*(x) \leq \lim_i v\left(\bigcup_{l=1}^i (x \uparrow v_l^*)\right) = \lim_i 0 = 0$$

$$m^*(x) = \sup_{G \supseteq x} m^*(G)$$

$$m^*(x) = \sup_{G \supseteq x} m^*(G)$$

$$\inf_{G \supseteq x} \sup_{E \subseteq G} v(E)$$

$$m^*(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} m^*(x_n)$$

$$x_n = \{x \in X \mid |x| \leq \frac{1}{n}\}$$

$$m^*(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} m^*(x_n)$$

$$m^*(x) = m^*(x)$$

$$m^*(x) = m^*(x)$$

לפי ההנחה

$$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\{(x, t) : t < f(x)\}$$

הוא מוגדר.

$$\int f = m \{(x, t) : 0 < t < f(x)\} - m \{(x, t) : f(x) < t < 0\}$$

$$E_i \leftarrow \bigcup_i F_i$$

הוא מוגדר.

כדי קבוצה מוגדרת

$$m(G) = V_*(G)$$

$$m(K) = M^*(K)$$

כדי קבוצה מוגדרת

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כדי קבוצה מוגדרת

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} F(t) V(t) dt$$

$$F(t) = c_2 \cdot V(t) + c_1 V(t) + c_0$$

$$\int_{t_0}^{t_1} \langle F(t), V(t) \rangle dt$$

כדי קבוצה מוגדרת

