

הנימוקים

$$\hat{L}_p(\chi_k) = \sum_{j=0}^{p-1} L(j) \overline{\chi_k(j)} = -\sum_{j=0}^{p-1} \int_{\mathbb{F}_p} \frac{1}{\sqrt{p}} \sum_{a \in \mathbb{F}_p^*} \chi_k(ja) da$$

בנוסף, נובע מהל' 2.2.2.

לפ' $\hat{L}(k) \hat{L}(\chi_1) = \sum_{j=0}^{p-1} L(j) \chi_1(kj) = \sum_{a=1}^{p-1} L(a) \chi_1(ka)$

לפ' $\hat{L}(k) = L(k) \hat{L}(\chi_1)$. $L(k) \sum_{a=0}^{p-1} L(a) \chi_1(a) = \hat{L}(k) \cdot \hat{L}(\chi_1)$

לפ' $\hat{L} = L$.

$$L_p(\chi_k) = \sum_{j=1}^{p-1} L(j) e^{-\frac{2\pi i j k}{p}} = \sum_{j \in Q} \overline{\chi_k(j)} - \sum_{j \in Q^c} \chi_k(j) = 1 - 2 \sum_{j \in Q} \overline{\chi_k(j)}.$$

$$1 - 2 \sum_{j \in Q} \chi_k(j) = \sum_{a=1}^{\frac{p-1}{2}} \chi_k(a^2) \quad | \Rightarrow | \quad \sum_{j \in Q} \chi_k(j) = \sum_{a=1}^{\frac{p-1}{2}} \chi_k(a^2)$$

$$L(k) = \frac{\sum_{a=0}^{\frac{p-1}{2}} e(a^2 k / p)}{\sum_{a=0}^{\frac{p-1}{2}} e(a^2 / p)} = \frac{G_p(k)}{G_p(1)}$$

לפ' $\hat{L}_p(\chi_k) = L(k) \hat{L}(\chi_1)$ $-$ לפ' p, q - $-$ לפ' p, q -

$$L_p(q) \cdot L_q(p) = \frac{G_p(q) G_q(p)}{G_p(1) G_q(1)}$$

$$- \text{בנוסף, } G_p(q) G_q(p) = \sum_{a=0}^{p-1} e(a^2 q / p) \sum_{b=0}^{q-1} e(b^2 p / q) \quad \text{בנוסף,}$$

$$\sum_{\substack{a \bmod p \\ b \bmod q}} e\left(\frac{a^2 q^2 + b^2 p^2}{pq}\right) = \sum_{a,b} e\left(\frac{(aq+bp)^2}{pq}\right) = G_{pq}(1)$$

$$\frac{G_{pq}(1)}{G_p(1) G_q(1)} = (-1)^{\frac{p-1}{2} \cdot \frac{q-1}{2}} \quad | \Rightarrow | \quad G_n(1) = \prod_{p|n} G_p(1)$$

לפ' $\widehat{G}_n = \{g \in \widehat{G} \text{ s.t. } \sup_{g \in K} |\chi(g)| < \epsilon\}$, $\widehat{G}_n \subseteq G$ \Rightarrow $\widehat{G} = \widehat{G}_n$

$$V_{\epsilon, n}(1) = \left| \chi \in \widehat{G} \text{ s.t. } \sup_{g \in K} |\chi(g)| < \epsilon \right|, \quad \text{בנוסף } K \subseteq G \Rightarrow \widehat{G} = \widehat{G}_n$$

לפ' $\widehat{G} = \widehat{G}_n$ $\widehat{G}_n = \widehat{G}_m$ \Rightarrow $\widehat{G} = \widehat{G}_m$ \Rightarrow $G = \widehat{G}$ \Rightarrow $G = \widehat{G}_n$