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$$\tilde{\gamma}: V \times V \rightarrow F$$

$$B_{\tilde{\gamma}} = (\underbrace{\tilde{\gamma}(e_i, e_j)}_{b_{ij}})_{n \times n}$$

$$\tilde{\gamma}(x, y) = \sum_{j,i=1}^n b_{ij} x_i y_j$$

$$[e] \hookrightarrow [e']$$

$$B'_{\tilde{\gamma}} = C^t B_{\tilde{\gamma}} C \quad \rightarrow \text{rk } \tilde{\gamma} = \text{rk } B_{\tilde{\gamma}}$$

$$\ker^l(\tilde{\gamma}) = \{x \in V \mid \tilde{\gamma}(x, y) = 0 \quad \forall y \in V\}$$

$$\ker^r(\tilde{\gamma}) = \{x \in V \mid \tilde{\gamma}(\underbrace{x, y}_{\cancel{y \neq 0}}) = 0 \quad \forall y \in V\}$$

$$\dim \ker^l(\tilde{\gamma}) = \dim \ker^r(\tilde{\gamma}) = n - \text{rk } \tilde{\gamma} \quad \text{- גודל}$$

$n = \dim V$

$$e_1, \dots, e_n \quad \text{ר'} \quad \dim \ker^r(\tilde{\gamma}) = n - \text{rk } \tilde{\gamma} \quad \text{- גודל}$$

ר' - ר' ר' ג' 0, 0, 0

$$\begin{aligned} \ker^r(\tilde{\gamma}) &= \{x \mid \tilde{\gamma}(\cancel{y}, x) = 0 \quad \forall y \in V\} = \{x \mid \tilde{\gamma}(e_i, x) = 0 \quad \forall i\} = \\ &= \{x = \sum_{j=1}^n x_j e_j \mid \tilde{\gamma}(e_i, \sum x_j e_j) = 0 \quad \forall i\} = \{x \mid \sum_j \tilde{\gamma}(e_i, e_j) x_j = 0 \quad \forall i\} = \\ &= \{x \mid \sum_{j=1}^n b_{ij} x_j = 0 \quad \forall i=1, \dots, n\} = \{x \mid B_{\tilde{\gamma}} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = 0\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \dim \ker^r(\tilde{\gamma}) = n - \text{rk } B_{\tilde{\gamma}} = n - \text{rk } \tilde{\gamma} \quad , \text{sic}$$

$$182 = 1602 / 182 \quad 182 / 1602 \quad 1602 / 182 \quad 1602 / 182 \quad 1602 / 182 \quad 1602 / 182$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \text{rk } \tilde{\gamma} = n \quad \text{ר'ג' 1'ג'ג' 1'ג'ג' } \quad \tilde{\gamma} \in T_2(V) \quad \text{ker } \tilde{\gamma} = \{0\}$$

. ג'ג'

$$\text{ker } \tilde{\gamma} = \text{ker } \tilde{\gamma} = \{0\}$$

$$\hat{\xi}^l, \hat{\xi}^r : V \rightarrow V^* \quad v \in V$$

$$(\hat{\xi}(v))(x) = \xi(v, x) \quad \forall x \in V$$

$$(\hat{\xi}^r(v))(x) = \xi(x, v) \quad \forall x \in V$$

$$\text{לכן } \hat{\xi}^l, \hat{\xi}^r : N \rightarrow$$

$$\lambda_1 \hat{\xi}^l(v_1) + \lambda_2 \hat{\xi}^l(v_2) = \hat{\xi}^l(\lambda_1 v_1 + \lambda_2 v_2)$$

רעיון רצוי הוא . וthus מושג ריגול בדרכו \*

הכרת הילוך גאות. כיוון שכך:

$$\hat{\xi}^l(\lambda_1 v_1 + \lambda_2 v_2)(x) = (\lambda_1 \hat{\xi}^l(v_1) + \lambda_2 \hat{\xi}^l(v_2))(x)$$

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$$\hat{\xi}^l(\lambda_1 v_1 + \lambda_2 v_2, x)$$

$$\lambda_1 (\hat{\xi}^l(v_1))(x) + \lambda_2 (\hat{\xi}^l(v_2))(x) \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda_1 \hat{\xi}(v_1, x) + \lambda_2 \hat{\xi}(v_2, x)$$

$\hat{\xi}^r$  כוונת הטענה . בוכנה נטה פונק

$$\ker(\hat{\xi}^l) = \ker^l(\xi)$$

- מודול

$$\ker(\hat{\xi}^r) = \ker^r(\xi)$$

: ריגול נסיבי ריגול ריגול בדרכו

שאנו מודולו  $\xi \in T_2(V)$  :

$$\cdot \text{ נסיבי } \xi \quad (1)$$

$$\cdot \text{ ריגול נסיבי } \xi^l \quad (2)$$

$$\cdot \text{ ריגול נסיבי } \xi^r \quad (3)$$

$$1 \leftarrow 3 \leftarrow 2 \leftarrow 1 : \text{ הסדר}$$

$$\cdot \text{ rk}(\xi) = n : \underline{2 \leq 1}$$

$\dim V = \dim V^*$  : נסיבי ריגול ריגול בדרכו ,  $\xi^l : V \rightarrow V^*$

$$\ker \xi^r = \ker \xi^l = \{0\} \leftrightarrow \text{ריגול } \xi^l - \text{ הוא נסיבי}$$

$$\dim \ker \xi = n - \text{rk} \xi = 0$$

$$\downarrow \ker \xi^l = 0 \rightarrow \text{ריגול נסיבי } \xi^l$$

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$$\dim \ker \tilde{\zeta}^l = \dim \ker^l(\tilde{\zeta}) = \dim \ker^r(\tilde{\zeta}) \therefore \underline{\underline{3 \leftarrow 2}}$$

$$= \dim \ker \tilde{\zeta}^r \quad \rightarrow \ker \tilde{\zeta}^r = \{0\}$$

$\downarrow$   
 $\text{Proof: } \tilde{\zeta}^r$

$$0 = \dim \ker \tilde{\zeta}^r = \dim \ker^r(\tilde{\zeta}) = n - \operatorname{rk}(\tilde{\zeta}) \quad \therefore \underline{\underline{1 \leftarrow 3}}$$

$\downarrow$   
 $\operatorname{rk}(\tilde{\zeta}) = n$

$\blacksquare \quad \text{PROOF }$

,  $f \in V^*$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\exists \lambda \in \mathbb{C}$  such that  $f(x) = \lambda x \quad \forall x \in V$  - Definition

$$\cdot x \in V \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad f(x) = \tilde{\zeta}(a, x) \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad a \in V \quad \exists \lambda \in \mathbb{C} \quad \text{such that} \quad f = \tilde{\zeta}^l(a) \quad \leftrightarrow$$

$$\cdot f = \tilde{\zeta}^l(a) \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad a \in V \quad \text{such that} \quad f(x) = \tilde{\zeta}(a, x) \quad \text{Definition of } \tilde{\zeta}^l - \text{Definition}$$

$$\text{PROOF, PROOF: } \tilde{\zeta}^l: V \rightarrow V^* \quad f \in V^*$$

$$\cdot \tilde{\zeta}^l: V \rightarrow V^*$$

$$\cdot f = \tilde{\zeta}^l(a) \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad a \in V \quad \text{such that} \quad f(x) = \tilde{\zeta}(a, x)$$

$$\blacksquare \quad \text{PROOF: } a \in V \quad \text{such that} \quad f(x) = \tilde{\zeta}(a, x)$$

$\text{PROOF: } \tilde{\zeta}^l$

$$\tilde{\zeta} \in T_2(V) \quad \text{PROOF: } \text{such that} \quad b: V \rightarrow F \quad \text{Definition} - \text{PROOF}$$

$$(b(x)) \quad b(\lambda x) = \lambda^2 (b(x)) \quad b(x) = \tilde{\zeta}(x, x) \quad \forall x \in V \quad \text{Definition}$$

$$b(x) = \sum_{i,j=1}^n b_{ij} x_i x_j$$

$$V = F^n \quad \text{Definition}$$

$$\tilde{\zeta}(x, y) = \sum_{i,j=1}^n b_{ij} x_i y_j$$

$$x = (x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

$$\text{PROOF: } \text{such that} \quad b(x) = \tilde{\zeta}(x, x) \quad \text{Definition}$$

$$\cdot x \in V \quad \text{such that} \quad b(x) = \tilde{\zeta}(x, x)$$

$$\text{Definition: } b(x) = \xi(x, x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} b(x+y) &= \xi(x+y, x+y) = \cancel{\xi(x, x)} + \cancel{\xi(y, y)} = \\ &= \xi(x, y) + \underbrace{\xi(y, x)}_{\text{symmetric}} + \xi(x, x) + \xi(y, y) = \end{aligned}$$

$$= \xi(x, x) + \xi(y, y) + 2\xi(x, y) = b(x) + b(y) + 2\xi(x, y)$$

$$\text{Definition: } \xi \leftarrow \xi(x, y) = \frac{1}{2} (b(x+y) - b(x) - b(y))$$

$$\text{Definition: } \xi' \leftarrow \xi'(x, y) = b(x) - \xi(x, y) \quad : \text{Pf.}$$

$$\text{define: } \xi'(x, y) = \frac{1}{2} (\xi'(x, y) + \xi'(y, x))$$

$$\xi'(x, x) = \frac{1}{2} (\xi'(x, x) + \xi'(x, x)) = b(x) \quad \blacksquare$$

Lemma:  $b$  ist ein Vektorraum im  $\mathbb{R}^n$

$b$  ist ein Vektorraum mit  $b(x) = \xi(x, x)$  und  $\xi$  ist

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{symmetric} \\ \text{positive definite} \end{array} \right\} \leftrightarrow T_2^{\text{sym}}(v) \quad \xi_b \quad \text{ON.}$$

$$b \leftrightarrow \xi_b \rightarrow B_{\xi_b}^{[e]} = B_b^{[e]}$$

$$rk(b) := rk(\xi_b)$$

$V \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} [e]$

$$b \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n} \Rightarrow B_b^{[e]}, B_b^{[e]} = [b_{ij}]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} b(x) = \sum_{i,j=1}^n b_{ij} x_i x_j = \sum_{i=1}^n b_{ii} x_i^2 + 2 \sum_{i < j \leq n} b_{ij} x_i x_j \end{array} \right.$$

$$b(x) = [x_1, \dots, x_n] \cdot B_b \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

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 מתקיים  $\exists \xi \in T_2(V)$  כך  $\xi(x,y) = 0 \forall y \in L$

$$L^{\perp\xi} = \{x \in V \mid \xi(x,y) = 0 \forall y \in L\}$$

$L^{\perp\xi} \subset V$  ו- $\dim L^{\perp\xi} = n - \dim L$

$\xi$  הוא פונקציונאל ריבועי נורמי ב- $L^{\perp\xi}$

$$\dim L^{\perp\xi} = n - \dim L \quad : \text{ריבועי נורמי ב-} L^{\perp\xi}$$

$v \in V \wedge F: V \rightarrow L^*$  פונקציית-

$$(F(v))(y) = \xi(v,y), \forall y \in L$$

(רעיון).  $F$  מפה ל- $L^*$

$$\ker F = \{x \in V \mid \xi(x,y) = 0 \forall y \in L\} = L^{\perp\xi}$$

$$\dim L^{\perp\xi} = \dim \ker F = n - \underbrace{\dim \text{im } F}_{\leq \dim L} = n - \dim L$$

רעיון 2 מילוי  $\exists \xi \in T_2(V)$  כך  $\xi(x,y) = 0 \forall y \in L$

$$V = L \oplus L^{\perp\xi}$$

$L \cap L^{\perp\xi} = \{0\}$  ו- $\dim L \geq \dim L^{\perp\xi}$

$\xi(x,y) = 0 \forall y \in L$ ,  $x \in L^{\perp\xi}$  ו- $\dim L^{\perp\xi} = n - \dim L$

$x \in \ker(\xi|_L)$  ו- $x \in \ker(\xi|_L)$ ,  $x \in L$ , ו- $x = 0$

$x = 0$ , ו- $\dim L^{\perp\xi} = n - \dim L$

$$L \oplus L^{\perp\xi} \stackrel{?}{=} V$$

$$\dim(L \oplus L^{\perp\xi}) = \dim L + \dim L^{\perp\xi} \geq \dim L + (n - \dim L) = n$$

$$\boxed{\dim(L \oplus L^{\perp\xi}) = n}$$

רעיון 3 מילוי  $\xi$  על  $e_1, \dots, e_n$  כך  $\xi \in T_2^{\text{sym}}(V)$

$$B_{\xi}^{[e_i]} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & & \lambda_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$\rho_{ij}, (\text{ס. נ. ו. א. ס. נ. ו. א. ס. נ. ו. א.}) \in T_2(V) \text{ if } -\text{ס. נ. ו. א.}$

ס. נ. ו. א.

. ( $\dim V =$ )  $n - n$   $\in \mathbb{N}$   $\forall i, j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$   $\exists k, l \in \{1, \dots, n\}$   $\forall i, j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

.  $\xi(x, y) = 0 \iff \xi(x_i, y_j) = 0 \forall i, j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

~~ס. נ. ו. א.~~  $\exists e_1, e_2 \in V$   $\xi(e_1, e_2) \neq 0$

.  $\xi(x, y) \neq 0 \iff \xi(x_i, y_j) \neq 0 \forall i, j \in \{1, \dots, n\}$

.  $e_1 = x \iff \xi(x, x) \neq 0$

.  $e_1 = y \iff \xi(y, y) \neq 0$

$\Rightarrow \xi(x, x) = \xi(y, y) = 0$

$e_1 = x + y \iff \xi(x, x) = \xi(y, y) = 0$

$\xi(e_1, e_1) = \xi(x + y, x + y) = \xi(x, x) + \xi(x, y) + \xi(y, x) + \xi(y, y) = 0$

$\exists \xi(x, y) \neq 0$

$V = L \oplus L^{\perp, \xi}$  if  $\xi(e_1, e_1) \neq 0 \iff \xi|_L$  for  $\xi|_L$ .  $L := \text{span}\{e_1\}$

$\Rightarrow L^{\perp, \xi} \text{ is } e_2, \dots, e_n \text{ span }$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \lambda_2 & & 0 \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & & \lambda_n \end{bmatrix} = (\xi(e_i, e_j))_{i,j=2}^n$$

$\forall e_i \in L^{\perp, \xi} \quad e_1, \dots, e_n$

$$(\xi(e_i, e_j))_{i,j=1}^n = \left[ \begin{array}{c|ccc} \xi(e_1, e_1) & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ \hline 0 & \lambda_2 & & \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \\ 0 & 0 & & \lambda_n \end{array} \right]$$

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