

$$(a>b>0) \quad \int_0^\pi \frac{dt}{a+b\cos(t)} = \frac{1}{a} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{dt}{a+b\cos(t)} = \frac{1}{a} \int_{|z|=1} \frac{dz}{i(z(a+\frac{b}{2}(z+\frac{1}{z})))} \quad \text{Kontur}$$

$$z(a+\frac{b}{2}(z+\frac{1}{z})) = az + \frac{b}{2}(z^2+1) = \frac{b}{2}z^2 + az + \frac{b}{2} \quad \text{e. S. A. 1.}$$

$$\frac{-a \pm \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b} = \frac{-a \pm \sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b} \quad \text{Nenner nicht 0} \quad \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{i} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{dz}{bz^2+az+b} \quad \text{PSI}$$

$$\beta = \frac{1}{\alpha} = \frac{-a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b}, \quad \alpha = \frac{-a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b} \quad \alpha - \beta = \frac{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b}$$

$$|\beta| = \frac{a+\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b} > \frac{a}{b} > 1, \quad |\alpha| = \frac{a-\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b} < 1 \quad \text{!}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{i} 2\pi i \cdot \text{Res}_{z=\alpha} \frac{1}{b(z-\alpha)(z-\beta)} \stackrel{\text{Loop um } z=\alpha}{=} 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{b(\alpha-\beta)} = \frac{2\pi}{b \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{a^2-b^2}}{b}} = \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{a^2-b^2}} \quad \text{PSI}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) \cos(ax) dx, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) \sin(ax) dx \quad (a>0) \quad \text{Mittelsatz}$$

2. Wir setzen $\gamma_R = \gamma_R^+ \cup \gamma_R^-$ und wählen R so (x kann ungerade) und $\gamma_R^+ = \gamma_R^- = R(x)$

(unendlich x sind oben und unten) unendlich ist so und $R(z)$ ist in

$$(\infty \text{ ist } R(x)) \quad t = R(x) \quad \text{Diagramm} \quad R(z)e^{iaz} \quad \text{Mittelsatz}$$

Wir setzen r so und $R(z)$ so und $z_1, \dots, z_N$ so und

$$\int_{\gamma_R^+} R(x)e^{iax} dx + \int_{\gamma_R^-} R(x)e^{iax} dx = \int_{\gamma_R} R(z)e^{iaz} dz = 2\pi i \sum_{\substack{z=z_j \\ j=1, \dots, N}} \text{Res}(R(z)e^{iaz}) \quad \text{PSI}$$

$$|\text{Res}| \leq \pi r \cdot \max_{|z|=r} (|R(re^{it})| \cdot e^{|R(re^{it})|}) = \pi r \cdot \max_{|z|=r} |R(re^{it})| e^{\dots} \leq \pi r \cdot \max_{|z|=r} |R(re^{it})| \leq \dots$$

$$\text{Wir setzen } |z|=r \text{ so und } R(z) \text{ so und } z_1, \dots, z_N \text{ so und } \leq M \pi r^{-1} \rightarrow 0$$

$$|R(re^{it})| \leq M r^{-2} \quad \text{so, } r \rightarrow \infty \text{ so und } |R(z)| \leq M |z|^{-2}$$

$$\int_{\gamma_R} R(x)e^{iax} dx \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x)e^{iax} dx \quad \text{Mittelsatz, } r \rightarrow \infty \text{ so und } \text{Mittelsatz}$$

$$(a>0) \quad \text{Mittelsatz, } R(z) \text{ so und } z_1, \dots, z_N \text{ so und}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) \sin x dx = \text{Im} \left[2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \text{Res}_{z=z_j} (R(z)e^{iaz}) \right] \quad \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) \cos(x) dx = \text{Re} \left[2\pi i \sum_{j=1}^N \text{Res}_{z=z_j} (R(z)e^{iaz}) \right] \right)$$

$$R(x) = \frac{1}{x^2+b^2} \quad \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos(ax)}{x^2+b^2} dx = \right) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos(ax)}{x^2+b^2} dx \quad (a>0, b>0) \quad \text{Kontur}$$

$$\int_{\gamma_R} R(x) \cos(x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re} \left[2\pi i \cdot \text{Res}_{z=ib} \frac{e^{iaz}}{z^2+b^2} \right] \quad \text{Mittelsatz}$$

$$\text{Res}_{z=ib} \frac{e^{iaz}}{(z+ib)(z-ib)} = \frac{e^{ia(ib)}}{2ib} = \frac{e^{-ab}}{2ib}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos(ax)}{x^2+b^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \text{Re} \left[2\pi i \cdot \frac{e^{-ab}}{2ib} \right] = \frac{\pi \cdot e^{-ab}}{2b}$$

! ! !

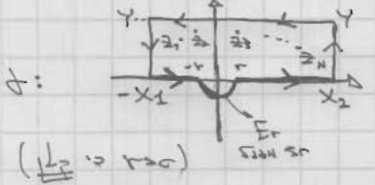
Wir setzen r so und $R(z)$ so und $z_1, \dots, z_N$ so und

$R(x) = \frac{x}{x^2+b^2}$ known int is $= \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin(ax)}{x^2+b^2} dx = \right) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin(ax)}{x^2+b^2} dx = ? \quad (a,b>0) \quad \underline{\text{Solve}}$

$\text{Res}_{z=ib} \frac{ze^{iaz}}{z^2+b^2} = \dots$

$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) \sin(x) dx, \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) \cos(x) dx$ even : A'kurat re e'itu
 (if it is 1-2 Dir) - JONT - RONT > JONT - RONT > JONT - RONT = R(x)

Limit ship kml, $z=0$ is ship e, even $z=0$ is, $R(z)$ is a rule



$$\int_{\Gamma} R(z) e^{iaz} dz = 2\pi i \left[\sum_{j=1}^N \text{Res}_{z=z_j} (R(z) e^{iaz}) + \text{Res}_{z=0} (R(z) e^{iaz}) \right]$$

$\int_{\Gamma} R(z) e^{iaz} dz = \int_{\Gamma} R(z) e^{ia \cdot \text{Re}(z)} e^{ia \cdot \text{Im}(z)} dz$

$\int_{\Gamma} \frac{dz}{z} + \int_{\Gamma} f(z) dz$; SOS not $R(z) e^{iaz} = \frac{a-1}{2} + f(z)$

$\int_{\Gamma} \frac{e^{iaz}}{z} dz = a_{-1} \pi \cdot i = 2\pi i \cdot \text{Res}_{z=0} (R(z) e^{iaz})$

$\left| \int_{\Gamma} f(z) dz \right| \leq \pi r \cdot \max_{z \in \Gamma} |f(z)| \leq M \cdot r \xrightarrow{r \rightarrow 0} 0 \Rightarrow$

$\left(\int_{-x_1}^{-r} + \int_r^{x_2} \right) + \int_{x_2+iy}^{-x_1+iy} + \int_{-x_1+iy}^{-x_1+iy}$

$\left| \int_{x_2}^{x_2+iy} \right| \leq \frac{M}{ay_2}, \left| \int_{-x_1+iy}^{-x_1} \right| \leq \frac{M}{ay_1}, \left| \int_{x_2+iy}^{-x_1+iy} \right| \leq \frac{Me^{-y}}{y} (x_1+x_2)$

(1), (2) $\rightarrow 0$ as $x_1, x_2 \rightarrow \infty$ given it, (1) $\rightarrow 0$ as $y \rightarrow \infty$ given, then

$\lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \left(\int_{-x_1}^{-r} R(z) e^{iaz} dz + \int_r^{x_2} R(z) e^{iaz} dz \right) = 2\pi i \left[\sum_{j=1}^N \text{Res}_{z=z_j} (R(z) e^{iaz}) + \frac{1}{2} \text{Res}_{z=0} (R(z) e^{iaz}) \right]$

$\text{pr} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) e^{iax} dx$

solution found - for given

A'N u A'N u, r'ite u + (not A'N u to for) LON - j'pna : r'ong